Campus Security Act 2009

October 1, 2009
What Are We Going To Cover?

- What is it?
- History
- “Campus Security Authority”
- Reporting Requirements
- Changes
- Campus Security Report
Campus Security Act

- The Campus Security or “Clery” Act is a federal law that requires colleges and universities to give timely warning of crimes that represent a threat.
- Make public campus security policies.
- Maintain a public crime log.
- Crime data must be collected, reported, & disseminated to campus community & U.S. Department of Education.
Campus Security Act (cont.)

- Publish an annual report disclosing campus security policies & last 3 years selected crime statistics.
- U.S. Department of Education collects and disseminates the crime statistics.
- Fail to comply, can be fined by the DOE.
- Very specific requirements on how all of this is done
History

- Named in memory of 19 year old Lehigh University freshman Jeanne Ann Clery who was murdered while asleep in her residence hall room on April 1986.
- Parents discovered that students hadn't been told about violent crimes on campus.
- Congress to enact this law in 1990
Campus Security Authority?

- Not just the police or campus security
- “an official of the college who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities…”
- An “official” is a person who has the authority & duty to take action or respond to issues on behalf of the institution
- Examples: dean, director, coach, a faculty advisor
I am one? What do I have to do?

- Report allegations of crimes made in “good faith” to Campus Security
- Need to be done quickly
- Only two exceptions:
  - Pastoral counselor
  - Professional counselor who is functioning within the scope of their license
Reporting

- If you observe, or anyone reveals to you they were the victim, perpetrator, or witness to any crimes listed, report the information to Campus Security.

- If in doubt, err on the side of reporting

- It does not matter whether an arrest was made
Crimes to be Reported

- Murder
- Manslaughter
- Sex offenses, forcible & non-forcible
- Robbery
- Aggravated assault
- Burglary
- Motor vehicle theft
- Arson
- Hate crimes involving bodily injury, larceny/theft, simple assault, intimidation or vandalism
- Liquor, drug, or weapon law violations resulting in an arrest or referral for campus discipline
2008 & 2009 Changes

- Hate crimes involving bodily injury, larceny/theft, simple assault, intimidation or vandalism
- Liquor, drug, or weapon law violations resulting in an arrest or referral for campus discipline
- Additional requirements for anything considered “housing”
Campus Security Act Report

- 2009 completed
- Available on the web: www.kirkwood.edu/security